

8

## "Education program or activity" under Title IX

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Includes locations, events, or

<u>circumstances</u> over which the institution exercises **substantial control** over both the respondent and the context in which the alleged sexual harassment occurs, and also includes <u>any building owned or</u> <u>controlled by a student organization</u> that is officially recognized by the institution.

 Example of a "building owned or controlled by a student organization": Fraternity or sorority house that is occupied by students of the organization, and the student organization is a recognized organization with the institution.

Source: Title IX Regulations (2020)

Definition of "Other Inappropriate Sexual Conduct"

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Conduct on the basis of sex that does not meet the definition of "sexual harassment" (under the Model Policy), but is

- Verbal conduct (including through electronic means), unwanted statements of a sexual nature intentionally stated to a person or group of people, that are objectively offensive to a reasonable person and also so <u>severe or</u> <u>pervasive</u> that it created a Hostile Environment, as defined in the Model Policy.
- 2. Physical conduct...

Source:

UT System Model Policy for Sexual Misconduct (2021)

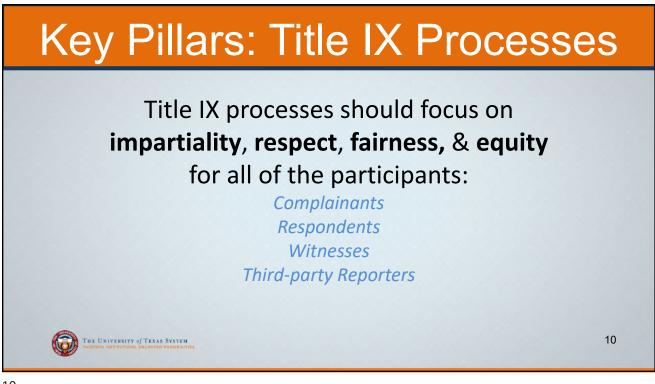
Definition of "Other Inappropriate Sexual Conduct" (Cont.)

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### Possible Examples (depending on facts):

- Unwelcome sexual advances (including explicit or implicit proposition(s) of sexual contact or activity);
- Requests for sexual favors (including overt or subtle pressure);
- Gratuitous comments about an individual's sexual activities or speculation about an individual's sexual experiences;
- Gratuitous comments, jokes, questions, anecdotes or remarks of a sexual nature about clothing or bodies;
- Persistent, unwanted sexual or romantic attention;
- Exposure to sexually suggestive visual displays such as photographs, graffiti, posters, calendars or other materials;
   Deliberate, repeated humiliation or intimidation;
- Sexual exploitation;
- Unwelcome intentional touching of a sexual nature; or
- Deliberate physical interference with or restriction of movement.

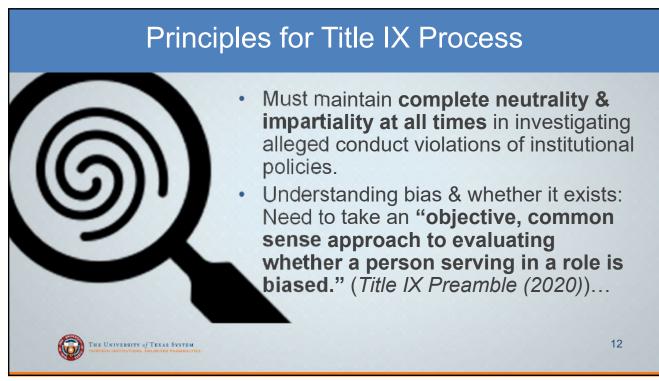
Source: UT System Model Policy for Sexual Misconduct (2021)



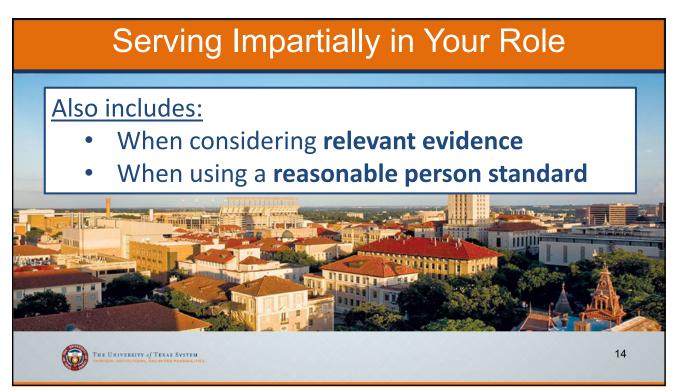
## Serving Impartially in Your Role

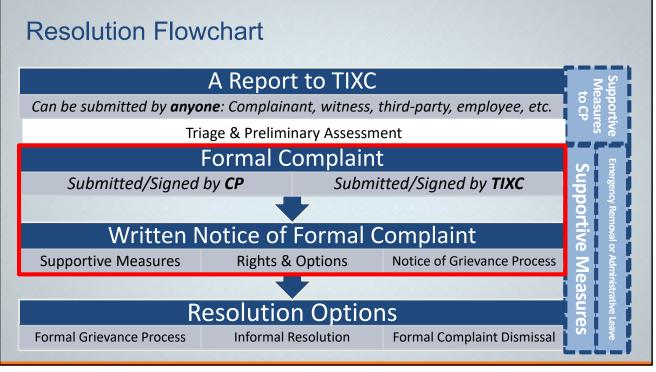
- Must avoid prejudgment of the facts at issue
- Must avoid conflicts of interest
- Must avoid **bias**

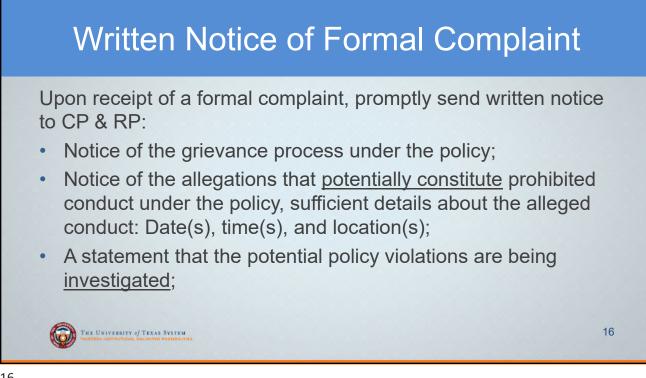








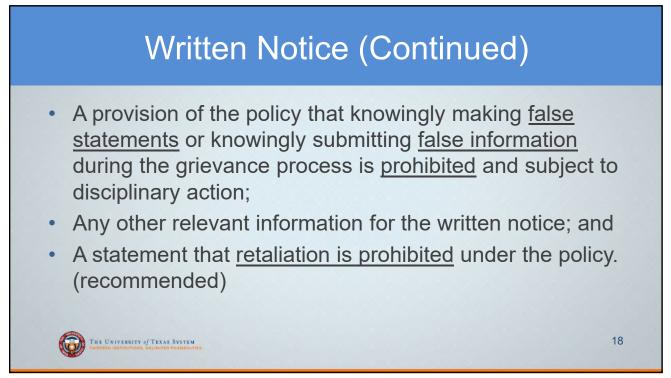




## Written Notice (Continued)

- A statement that the RP is <u>presumed not responsible</u> for the alleged conduct and that the determination regarding responsibility will be made at the conclusion of the grievance process;
- Both parties may have an <u>advisor of choice</u>, who may be, but is not required to be, an attorney, and may inspect and review all evidence;
- A statement that the parties may review evidence gathered as part of the any investigation;

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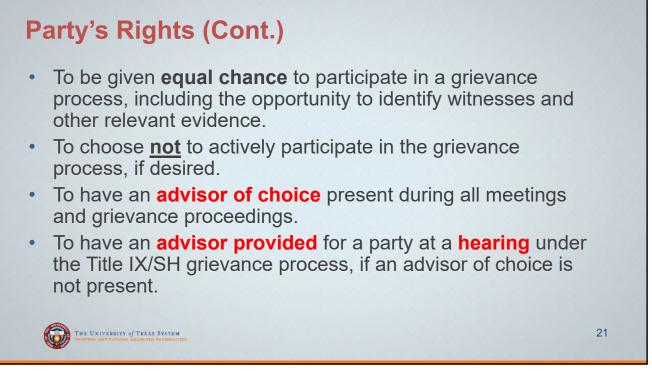


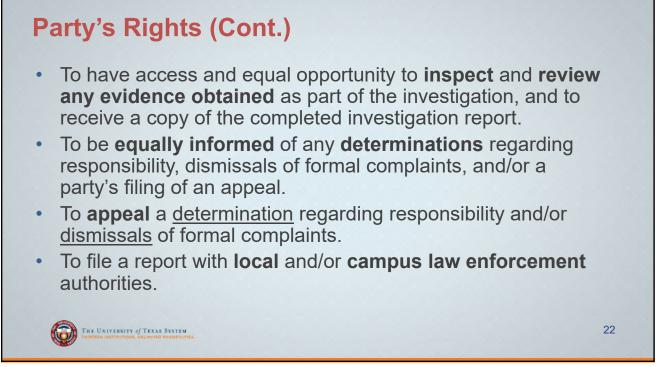
## Party's Rights (Summary)

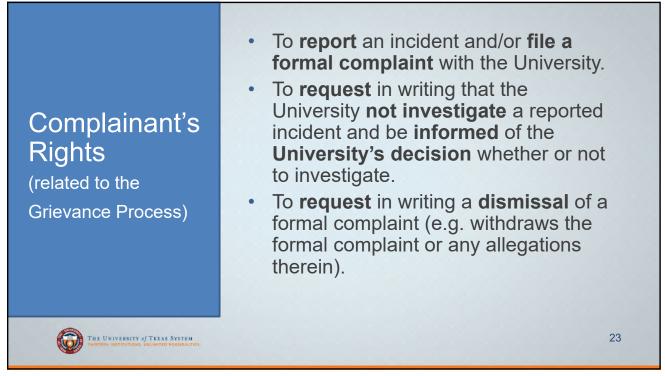
A **Complainant** and **Respondent** have the following rights during a grievance process:

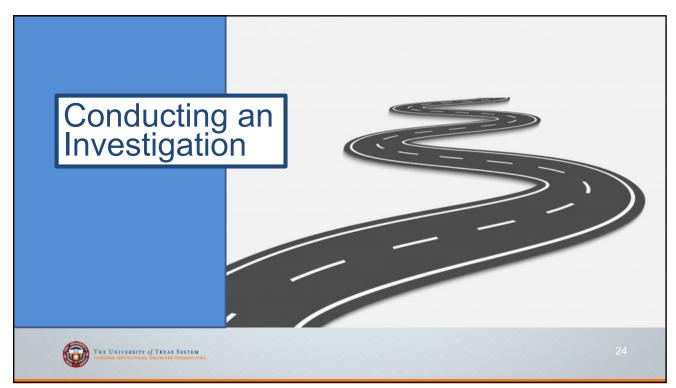
- To be informed of and have access to counseling, medical, academic, and other applicable **support services**, including **confidential resources**.
- To be informed of the importance of a victim going to a **hospital for treatment** and the **preservation of evidence**, if applicable, as soon as practicable after an alleged incident.
- To be informed of a **notice of formal complaint** to the University, whether filed by a CP or the TIXC.
- To receive a prompt, fair, equitable, and impartial grievance process.
- To receive information and ask questions about the formal and informal processes.

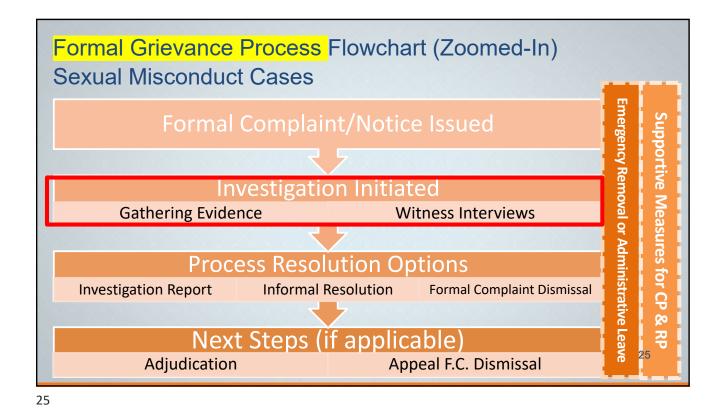
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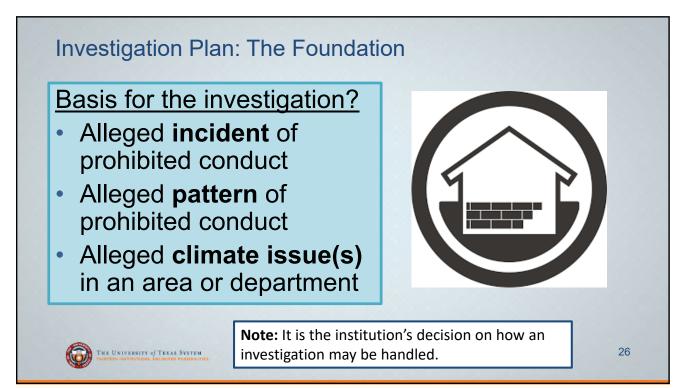


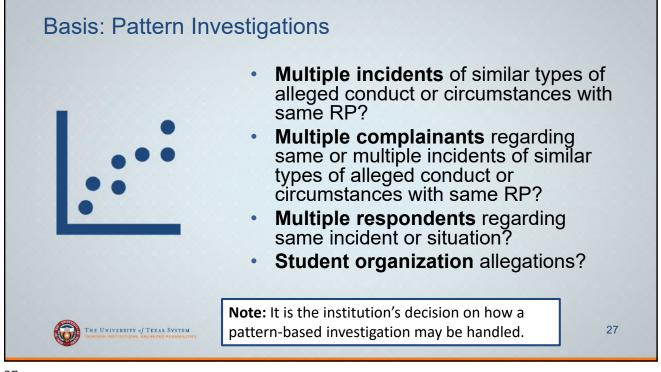


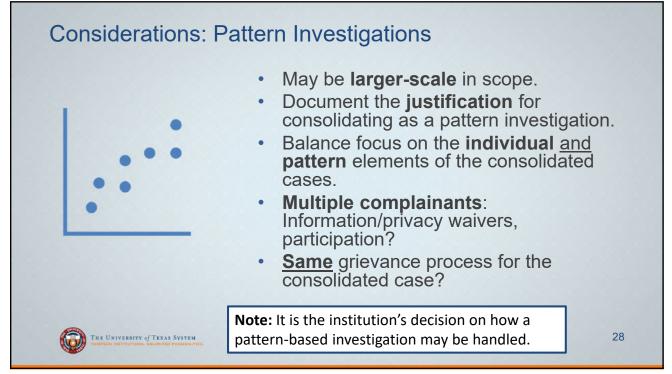




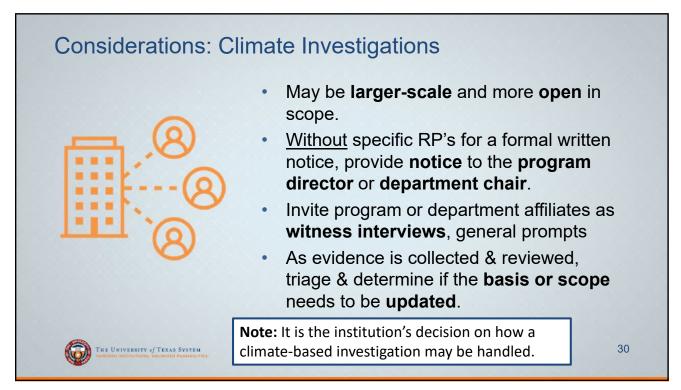








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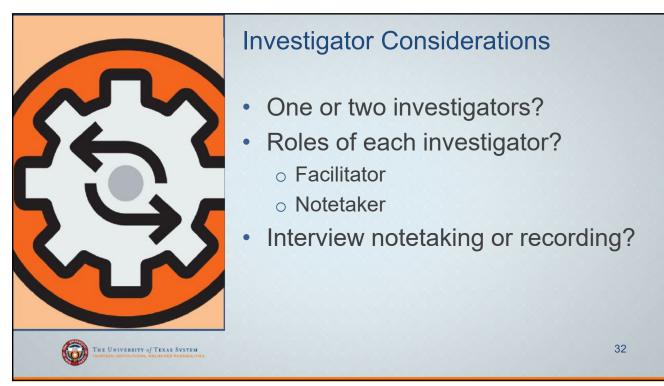
## **Investigative Framework**

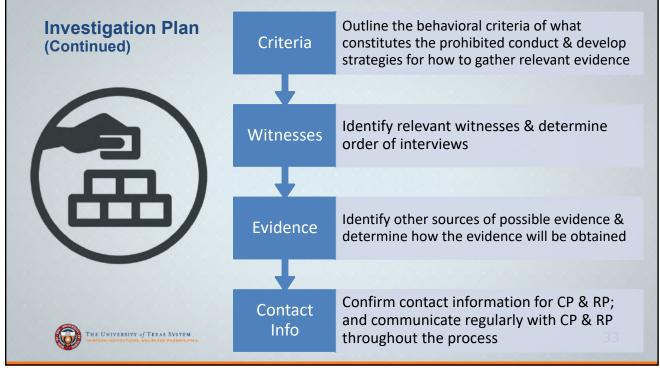
• Establish facts & timeline(s).

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- Understand each party's perception & experiences of the alleged incident(s).
- Elicit **details & descriptions** of the alleged incident(s) from the parties & witnesses.
- Address **disputed facts or conflicting evidence** (if any) & seek responses from the parties (if applicable).
- Gather **sufficient information available** for a determination of facts, importance, & relevance to the formal complaint.

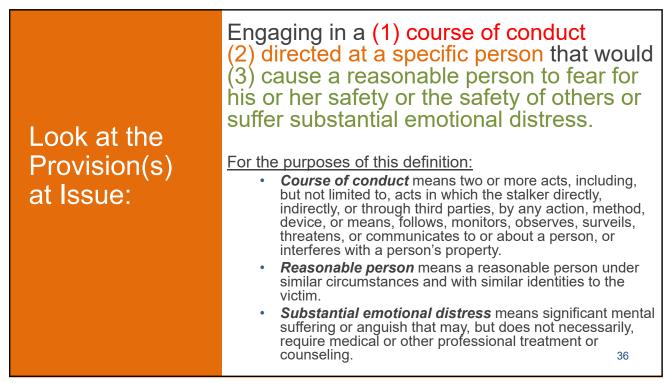




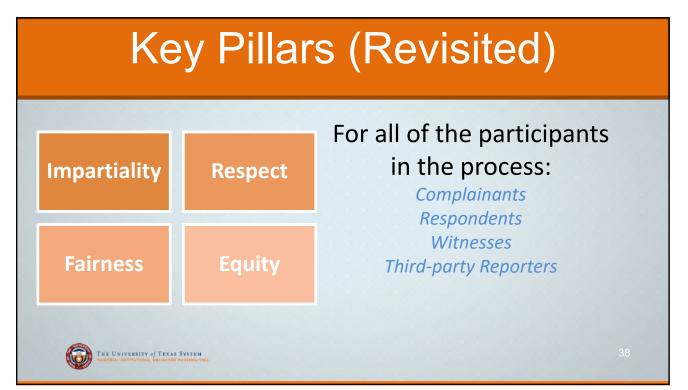




Look at the	Engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to fear for his or her safety or the safety of others or suffer substantial emotional distress.
Provision(s) at Issue:	<ul> <li>For the purposes of this definition:         <ul> <li>Course of conduct means two or more acts, including, but not limited to, acts in which the stalker directly, indirectly, or through third parties, by any action, method, device, or means, follows, monitors, observes, surveils, threatens, or communicates to or about a person, or interferes with a person's property.</li> <li>Reasonable person means a reasonable person under similar circumstances and with similar identities to the victim.</li> <li>Substantial emotional distress means significant mental suffering or anguish that may, but does not necessarily, require medical or other professional treatment or counseling.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>





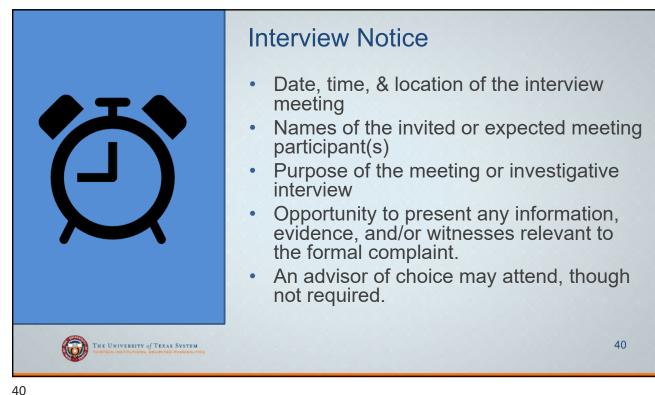




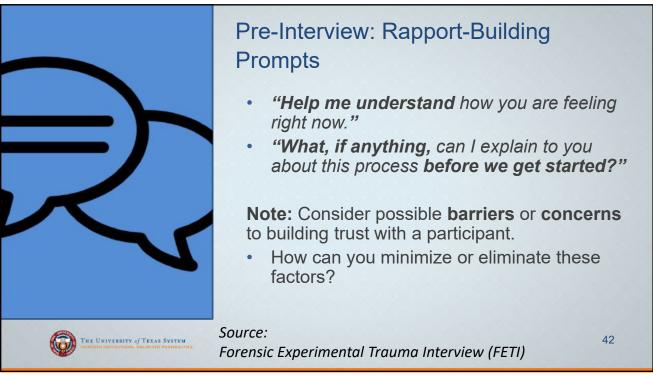
Basis for a "Trauma-Informed" Approach

A. Encourages all participants to share what they are able to recall about their experience without demanding chronological recall; and

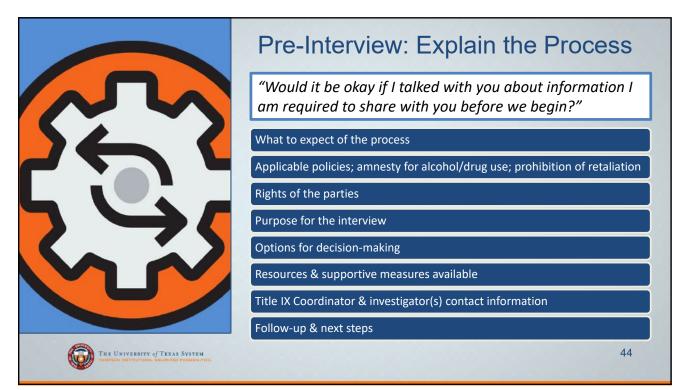
B. Facilitates the gathering of information in a balanced manner from all individuals



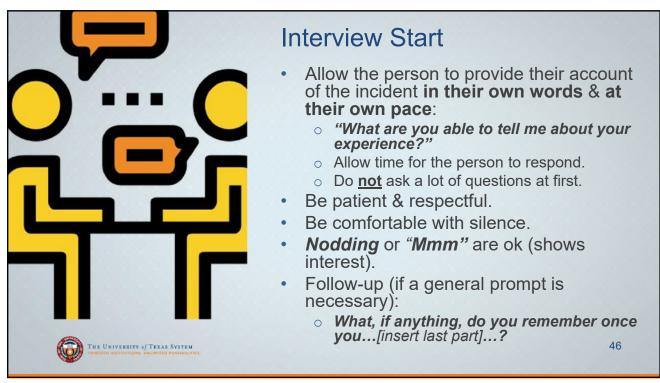
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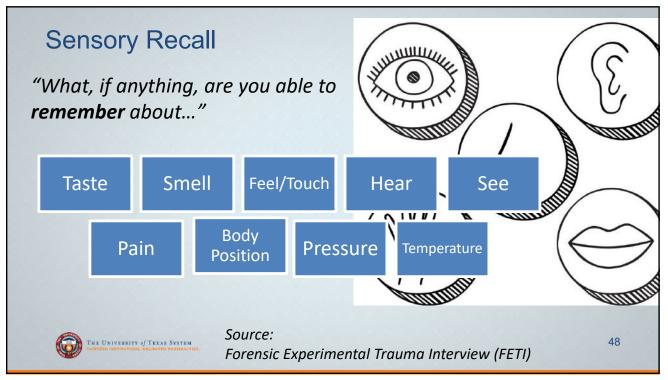


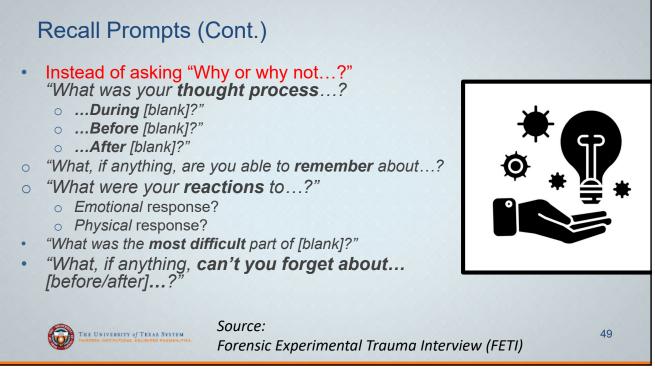
## **Clarification Prompts**

Attempt to clarify from <u>all</u> parties. Examples...

- "Tell me more about [blank]..."
- "When you said [blank]...help me understand what you meant..."
- Instead of asking "Why or why not...?"
   "Help me understand your thought process for [insert the clarifying part]...
- "What did you mean by [blank]...?
- "There are differences in your account vs. [blank]...[insert specifics]...help me understand the reason(s) or rationale for this different account...

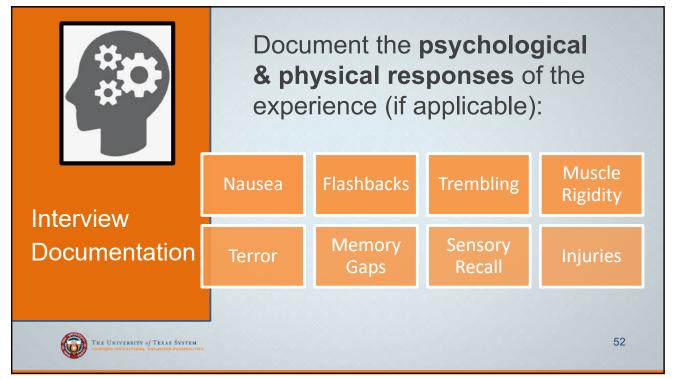
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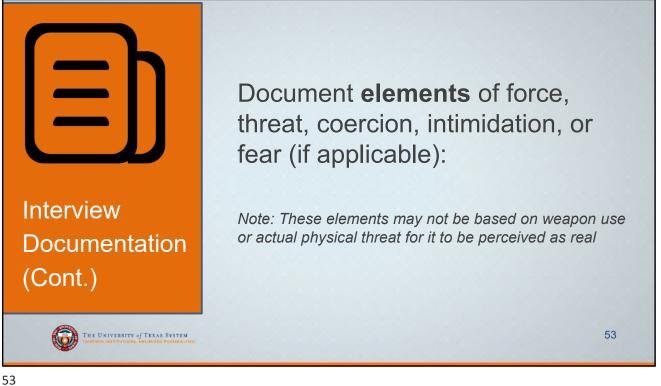




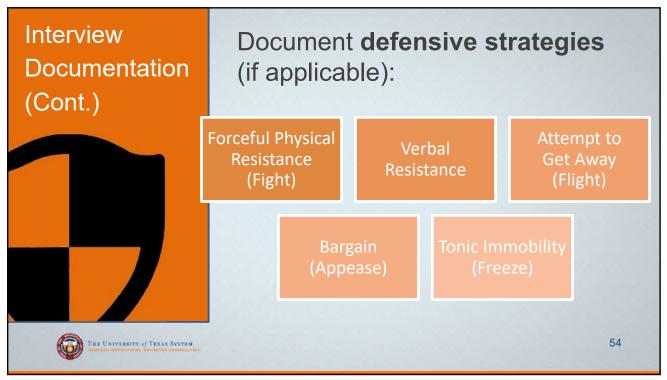
xample Interview Prompts	Purpose of the Prompt
'Let me give you this information so that you can espond."	Provides an opportunity to respond to other testimony, statements, or evidence.
"It's been reported that you said X, Y, and Z."	Responding to a denial; corroboration.
"What's the reason that Person X said/did [blank] with this specificity, if you didn't?"	Responding to a denial; corroboration.
"Others have reported you did say [blank]. What's the reason (or rationale) for considering that you didn't?"	Responding to "I don't recall"; corroboration; credibility
<i>"Is there anything else that you'd like to add to this statement?</i>	Provides an opportunity to respond; gather information not explicitly asked about.

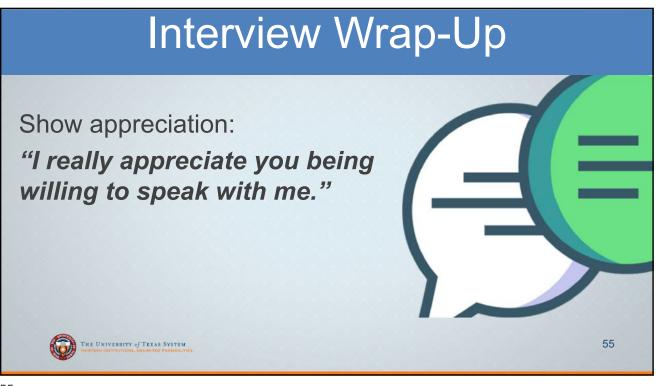
Туре	Example Statemen	Interview Approaches	
Text Bridges	<ul> <li>After that</li> <li>The next thing I knew</li> <li>Later on</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Afterwards</li> <li>Besides</li> <li>And then</li> <li>Finally</li> </ul>	Clarification prompt
Ambiguous Responses	<ul> <li>Kind of</li> <li>I think</li> <li>Sort of</li> <li>I believe</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To the best of my knowledge</li> <li>I may have</li> <li>Maybe</li> </ul>	Clarification or recall prompt
Broad Statements	• Always	• Everyone	Clarification prompt; specific examples?
Hearsay	• I heard from Person	X that	Clarification prompt; personal knowledge or first-hand experience?

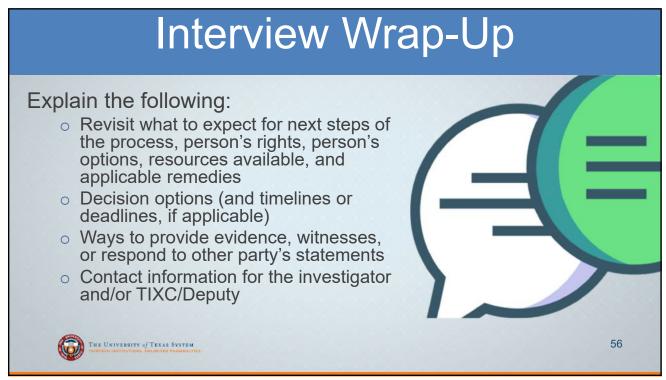














## **Consent Definition**

A **voluntary, mutually understandable agreement** that clearly indicates a willingness to engage in each instance of sexual activity. Consent to one act does not imply consent to another. Consent to engage in sexual activity with one person does not imply consent to engage in sexual activity with another. Consent can be withdrawn at any time. Any expression of an unwillingness to engage in any instance of sexual activity establishes a presumptive lack of consent.

<u>Consent is not effective if it results from</u>: (a) the use of physical force, (b) a threat of physical force, (c) intimidation, (d) coercion, (e) incapacitation or (f) any other factor that would eliminate an individual's ability to exercise his or her own free will to choose whether or not to have sexual activity.

A current or previous dating or sexual relationship, by itself, is not sufficient to constitute consent. Even in the context of a relationship, there must be a voluntary, mutually understandable agreement that clearly indicates a willingness to engage in each instance of sexual activity.



Source: UT System Model Policy for Sexual Misconduct (2021)

## Consent (Example Questions)

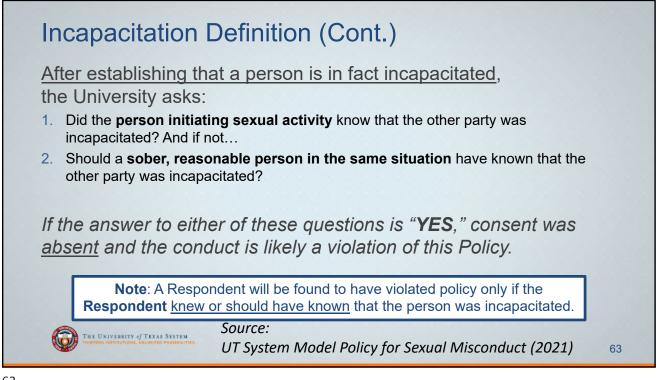
- Refer to the definition of "consent" based on the institution's policy.
- What was the nature, timing, & scope of the **relationship** btwn the parties?
- What were each party's expectations (e.g. perceived, communicated), about the nature of the contact on the date of the alleged incident?
- What was the manner of communication **before**, **during**, **& after** the alleged incident (e.g. words & actions) btwn the parties?
- What were the circumstances of the CP's disclosure & the RP's reaction to the disclosure?
- Who initiated the sexual activity (that is at issue in the allegation(s))? How so, or in what way?
- What was the impact of alcohol or other drug use in relation to the ability to give consent?
- Are there any reported or demonstrated predatory behaviors?
- For RP (if applicable): What words or actions by CP indicated consent to sexual activity?

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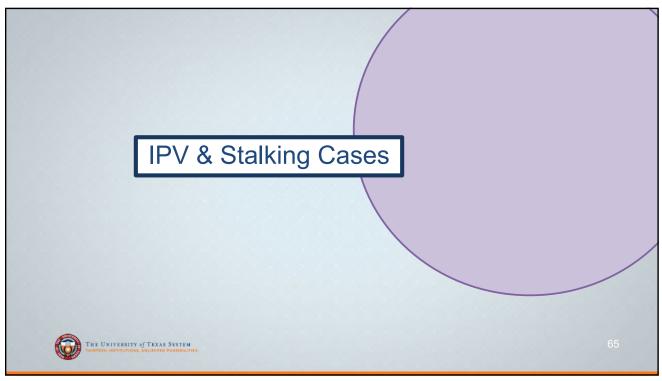
# <section-header> First...Establishing Consent Consent is not effective if: Physical force; Threat of physical force; Intimidation; Coercion; or Incapacitation Other factors?

## **Incapacitation Definition** Incapacitation is the inability, temporarily or permanently, to give consent because the individual is mentally and/or physically helpless, either voluntarily or involuntarily, or the individual is unconscious, asleep, or otherwise unaware that the sexual activity is occurring. An individual may be incapacitated if they are unaware at the time of the incident of where they are, how they got there, or why or how they became engaged in a sexual interaction. When alcohol is involved, incapacitation is a state beyond drunkenness or intoxication. When drug use is involved, incapacitation is a state beyond being under the influence or impaired by use of the drug. Alcohol and other drugs impact each individual differently, and determining whether an individual is incapacitated requires an individualized determination. Source: HE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS SYSTEM UT System Model Policy for Sexual Misconduct (2021) 61

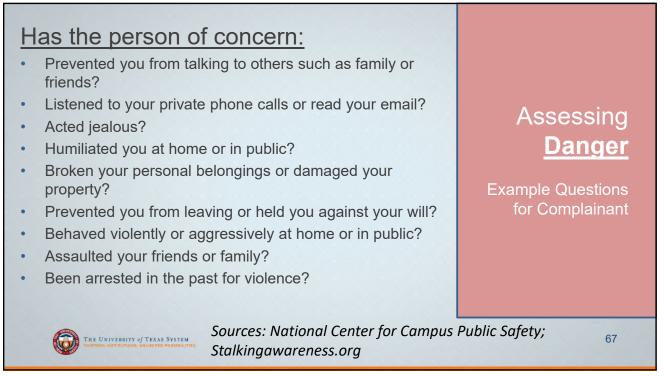








Determining Predominant Aggressors	<ul> <li>Common Considerations:</li> <li>Indicators of power &amp; control</li> <li>Presence or threat of a weapon</li> <li>History of dating or domestic violence</li> <li>Aggressive or hostile body language</li> <li>Pre-existing protective orders or "no contact" directives</li> <li>Comparative extent of injury (if both are injured)</li> <li>Property damage</li> <li>Elements of fear</li> </ul>	
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Definition of "False Complaints & False Information" Any person, who in <u>bad faith</u>, <u>knowingly</u> files a false complaint (under the Policy) or provides <u>materially false information</u> is subject to disciplinary action up to and including dismissal or separation from the University.

A determination that a Respondent is not responsible for allegations of Sexual Misconduct does not imply a report, Formal Complaint, or information provided was false. Similarly, a determination that a Respondent is responsible for a policy violation does not imply that a Respondent's statements disclaiming responsibility were false.

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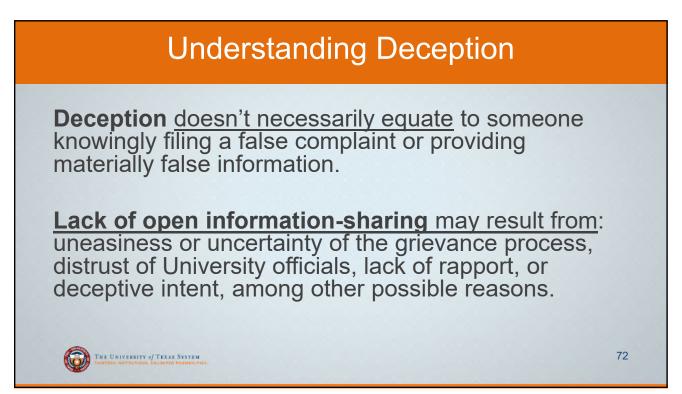
Source: UT System Model Policy for Sexual Misconduct (2021)

## Knowingly... (Examples)

**Knowingly** files a false complaint or provides materially false information...

- Showing intent to deceive;
- A design to induce belief in a falsity or to mislead; or
- Acted with knowledge or awareness of the falsity... and not because of mistake, accident, or some other reasonable reason.

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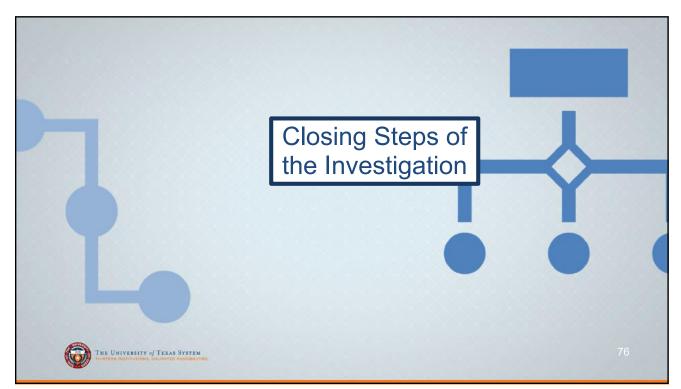


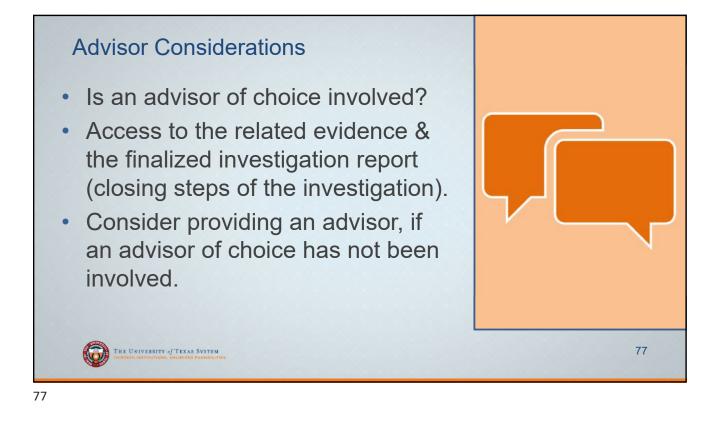
Detecting Possible Deception (Examples)				
	Non-Verbal Elements	Verbal Elements		
	Little to no eye contact Touching face frequently Twitching Shaking Folding or crossing arms Turning to the side	FalsitiesOmissionsMinimizationText bridgesAmbiguous statementsBroad statementsAnswers question with a questionDoes not answer the question askedDisjointed or inconsistent answers		
Ø		There may be <u>other plausible reasons</u> a person t with these types of characteristics too. 73		

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Туре	Example Statements		Interview Approaches
Text Bridges	<ul> <li>After that</li> <li>The next thing I knew</li> <li>Later on</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Afterwards</li><li>Besides</li><li>And then</li><li>Finally</li></ul>	Clarification prompt
Ambiguous Responses	<ul><li>Kind of</li><li>I think</li><li>Sort of</li><li>I believe</li></ul>	<ul> <li>To the best of my knowledge</li> <li>I may have</li> <li>Maybe</li> </ul>	Clarification or recall prompt
Broad Statements	Always	• Everyone	Clarification prompt; specific examples?
Hearsay	I heard from Person X that		Clarification prompt; personal knowledge or first-hand experience?







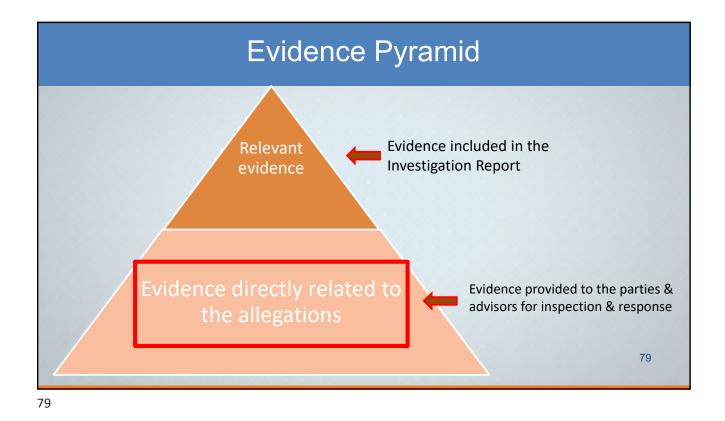


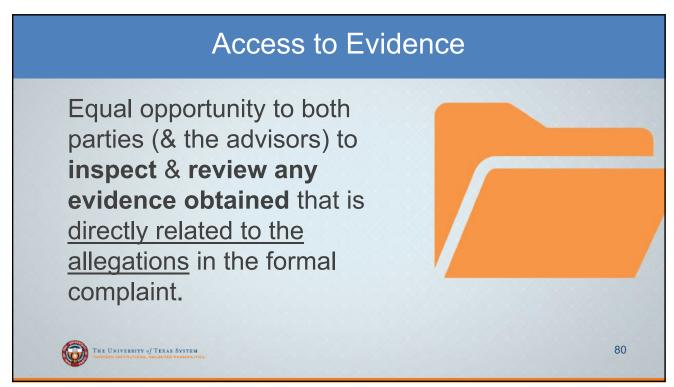
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- Available body of facts or information:
  - 1. Tangible objects (real items)
  - 2. Demonstrative (modeling)
  - 3. Documentary (written materials)
  - 4. Testimonial (statements)

...that indicates whether a claim, belief, or proposition may be true or valid.

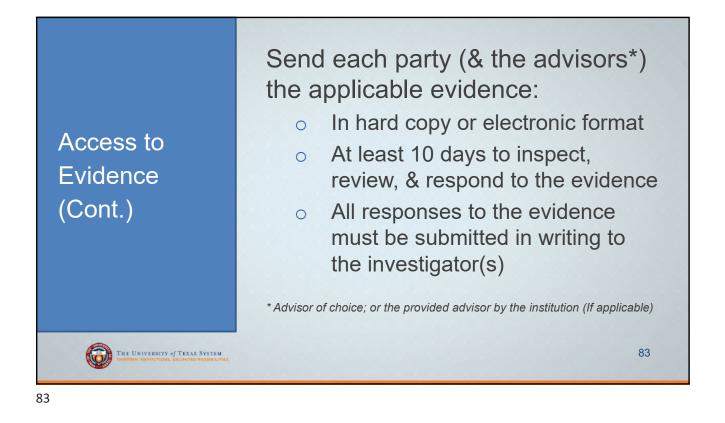








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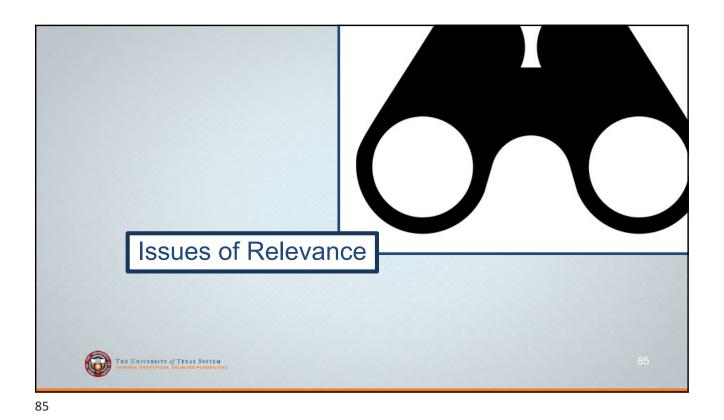




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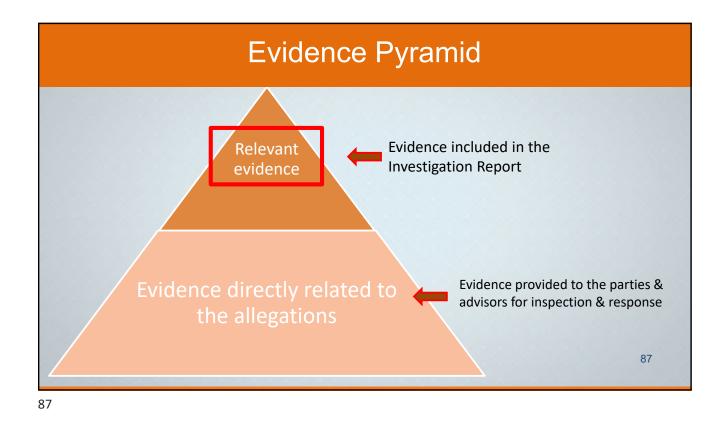
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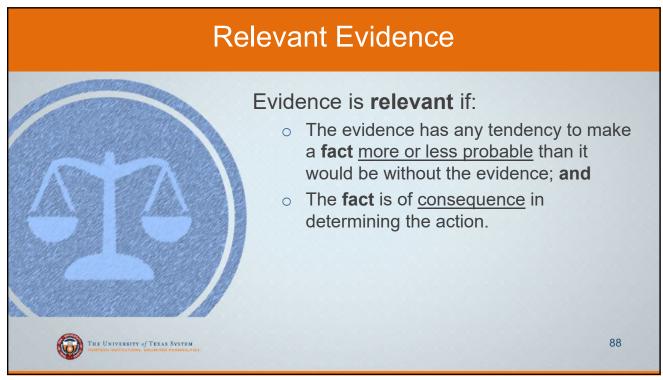
The investigators will consider all timely responses submitted by the parties **prior** to completing the investigation report.



<section-header>
Review the Evidence
Available body of facts or information:

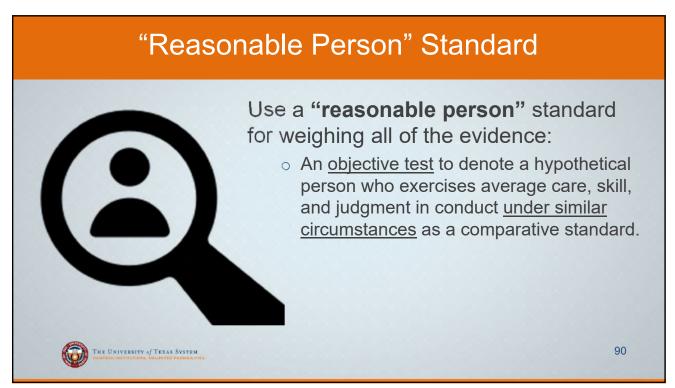
Tangible objects (real items)
Demonstrative (modeling)
Documentary (written materials)
Testimonial (statements)



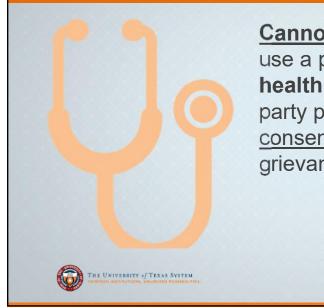


## **Relevant Evidence**



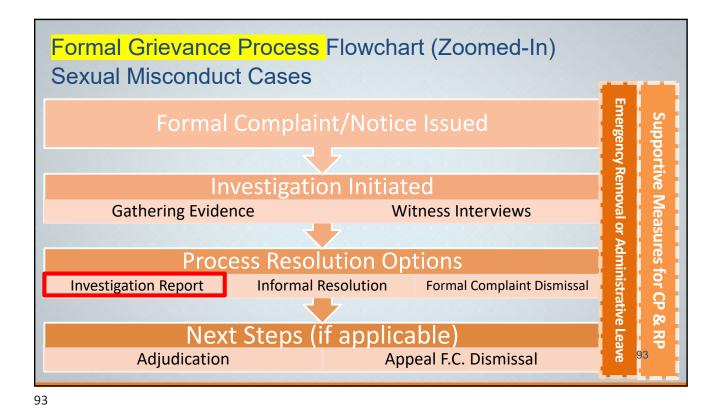


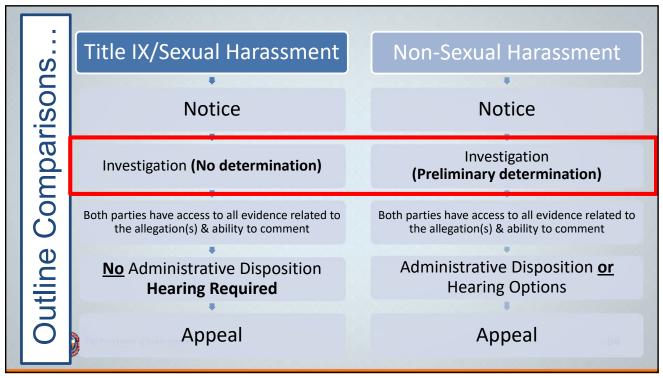
## **Medical Records Evidence**



**Cannot** access, consider, disclose, or use a party's **medical** or **mental health records** as evidence unless the party provides <u>voluntary</u>, written <u>consent</u> to the institution for the grievance process.









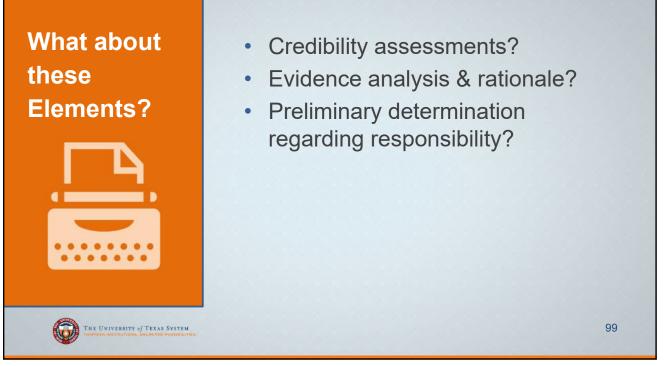


## Completed Investigation Report: Sexual Harassment Cases (Cont.)



- 3. Fairly summarize <u>relevant</u> <u>evidence</u>, participate statements, and responses to questions (required by the Title IX regulations).
  - Exculpatory: Evidence tending to excuse, justify, or absolve the person of the alleged conduct.
  - Inculpatory: Evidence that places responsibility on the person of the alleged conduct.





Access to the Completed Investigation Report Send each party (& the advisors\*) the completed investigation report:

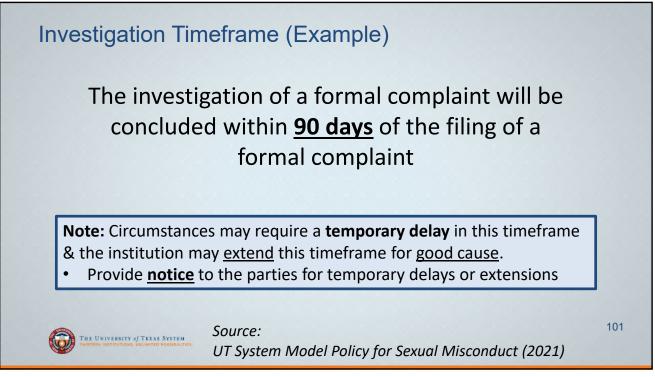
- At least 10 days prior to the scheduled hearing
  - Why? Opportunity for the parties to inspect, review, & respond to the investigation report (at the hearing)
- A copy of the investigation report to the TIXC and hearing officer assigned.

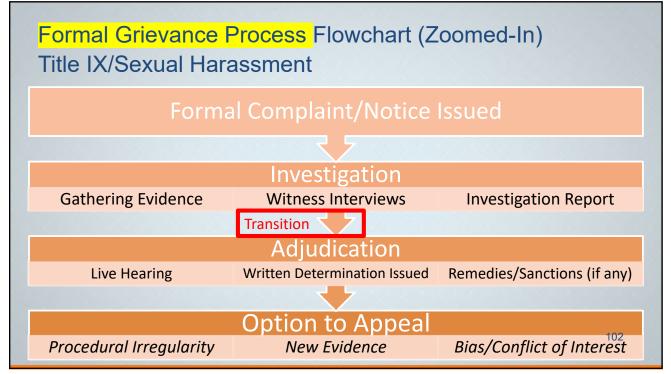
\* Advisor of choice; or the provided advisor by the institution (If applicable)

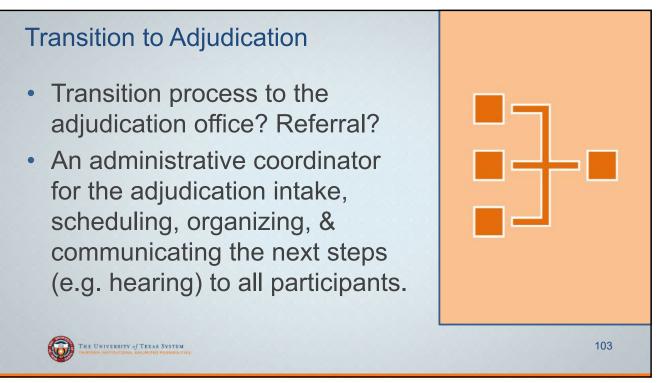
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